

# REIDVALEHOUSING ASSOCIATION



13 Whitevale Street Dennistoun Glasgow G31 1QW

### REIDVALE HOUSING ASSOCIATION REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Registered Housing Association Number: 173 Charity Registration Number: SC044023 FCA Reference Number: 1825R (S)

### **REIDVALE HOUSING ASSOCIATION**

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# REIDVALE HOUSING ASSOCIATION THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE, EXECUTIVES AND ADVISERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

#### **MEMBERS OF THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE**

Ms Helen Moore (Chairperson)
Mr Edward Marley (Vice Chair)
Mrs Irene McInnes (Secretary)

Mrs Mary Dunn (Committee Member) Mrs Anne McKelvie (Committee Member) Mr Ernesto Vaz (Committee Member) Mrs Linda McGowan (Committee Member) Mrs Jane Marley (Committee Member) Ms Davina Boyle (Committee Member) Ms Ellen McVey (Committee Member) Mr P McCrudden (Committee Member)

Ms Yvonne McGready (Committee Member – resigned June 2019)
Mrs Irene Ferguson (Committee Member – resigned June 2019)
Ms Patricia McComish (Committee Member – resigned September 2019)

Catherine Lowe (Co-opted 24<sup>th</sup> June 2020)
Alastair Firth (Co-opted 24<sup>th</sup> June 2020)

#### **EXECUTIVE OFFICERS**

Jim McAlpine(Director)Linda Scott(Depute Director)Gerry Shepherd(Finance Manager)

### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

13 Whitevale Street Glasgow G31 1QW

#### **AUDITOR**

French Duncan LLP Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors 133 Finnieston Street Glasgow G3 8HB

#### **BANKERS**

Lloyds Bank plc 177 Ingram Street Glasgow G1 1DL

#### **SOLICITORS**

TC Young 7 West George Street Glasgow G2 1BA

The Management Committee presents their report and the audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2020.

#### **Legal Status**

The Association is a registered non-profit making organisation under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 No. 1825R (S). The Association is governed under its Rule Book. The Association is a Registered Scottish Charity with the charity number SC044023.

#### **Principal Activities**

The principal activity of the Association is the provision of social housing.

#### Review of business and future developments

The Association is financially strong and delivers high quality services with high levels of customer satisfaction (eg. an independent survey carried out in November 2019 found that 95% of our tenants are satisfied with the overall services provided by RHA). The Association has a record of high performance across a wide range of service provision as demonstrated by its Key Performance Indicators relative to its peers. We cannot rest on our laurels, however, and must constantly strive to provide the services that our residents want, in the way they want it, in the most efficient and effective manner possible.

The impact of the coronavirus pandemic has clearly been the greatest challenge faced by the Association this financial year and will continue to be so for the foreseeable future. The Association had previously reviewed its Business Continuity Policy and it could not have been more rigorously tested! The Association has been able to continue to provide most of its services remotely with all staff able to work from home equipped with mobile phones and tablets/laptops that are able to access our computer systems to ensure that we continue to provide the optimum level of services to our residents and other stakeholders.

The UK Government's welfare reforms, particularly the introduction of universal credit, has impacted on our level of rent arrears and is likely to get worse over the coming year. The Association has worked with other agencies to ensure that our residents are able to obtain every possible assistance to maximise their income/benefit entitlement.

Resident satisfaction surveys have repeatedly shown that the issues that cause the greatest level of dissatisfaction are those that are largely outwith the direct control of the Association – namely, drugs, crime, refuse collection, street litter, dog fouling and car parking problems. The Association has worked with the community in a constructive manner to enable positive partnerships to be developed with the appropriate agencies in an effort to secure demonstrable improvements for our residents.

The Association recognises the need to demonstrate to the Scottish Housing Regulator that in achieving the outcomes that are wanted by our residents that we are doing so in a manner that is fully compliant with the revised Regulatory Standards of Governance and Financial Management. The Association has worked with an independent consultant during 2019/20 and has devised a Governance Improvement Plan which will ensure the Association is fully compliant with all regulatory requirements.

The Association recognises the need to embrace technology and thereby maximise the opportunities for people to engage with us and to increase the efficiency and effectiveness of our service provision. We have developed our IT systems and provided staff with tablets to enable them to access all of our systems while they are in tenants' homes. We also intend to redesign our current website to enhance its overall effectiveness for users in the coming year.

#### **Objectives**

Our Rules state that the objects of the Association are:

- To provide for the relief of those in need by reason of age, ill-health, disability, financial hardship or other disadvantage through the provision, construction, improvement and management of land and accommodation and the provision of care
- any other purpose or object permitted under Section 24 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 which is charitable both for the purposes of Section 7 of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and also in relation to the application of the Taxes Acts
- the permitted activities and powers of the Association will include anything which is necessary or expedient to help the Association achieve these objects; and
- the Association shall not trade for profit

Reidvale Housing Association's Business Plan, covering the period 2019/2023, is the key strategic document communicating the vision, objectives and strategic direction of the Association and provides a framework for implementation.

#### **Financial Review**

The Management Committee is of the opinion that the state of affairs of the Association, are satisfactory. The surplus for the year, pre pension remeasurement, was £232,662 (2019 - £292,999). Total Net Assets stand at £4,216,750 (2019 - £3,417,460) with Net Current Assets now standing at £2,240,162 (2019-£1,660,188).

#### **Risk Management**

The Association has a comprehensive range of policies and procedures in place to ensure that all aspects of risk are managed and mitigated as far as is possible in the interests of business continuity. The key elements of our risk management are:

- a detailed Risk Management Policy which aims to identify, manage and minimise risks which may prevent the Association from achieving its objectives. The identification and management of risk is a continuous process as changes are made to how the Association operates and to the internal/external environment in which it operates.
- a Risk Register which is subject to regular review and update, identifying changes in risk since last considered and identifying all key mitigation measures proposed to reduce or manage the risk, financial risk in particular.
- a Business Continuity Policy which sets out the roles and responsibilities of staff and committee in the event
  of significant disruption to the normal business of the Association and aims to minimise the disruption and
  confusion this might cause.
- the defining of our top risks as mitigating the impact of the coronavirus pandemic, ensuring compliance
  with Regulatory Standards; EESSH compliance; the failure to achieve major reinvestment per the Life Cycle
  Costing (HUB) programme; tackling our backlog of policy framework reviews; impact of current
  homelessness policy on community stability and IT systems failure and security breaches.

#### **Committee of Management and Executive Officers**

The members of the Management Committee and the Executive Officer are listed on page one. Each member of the Management Committee holds one fully paid share of £1 in the Association. Members of the Management Board are unpaid.

The governance structures are focused on our governing body, the Management Committee. This meets on at least nine occasions during the year with additional meetings being held where the volume of business warrants this.

In addition the Association has a Sub Committee structure with specific remits delegated to cover Housing Services (housing management, maintenance and factoring), Finance, Community Development and Staff and Training. Membership is drawn, but not exclusively, from the Management Committee.

The Director and other senior managers of the Association are salaried staff. However, they hold no interest in the Association's share capital. Although not having the legal status of Trustees, they act within Financial Regulations and a Scheme of Delegated Authority laid down by the Management Committee.

#### Statement of Management Committee's responsibilities

The Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 require The Management Committee to prepare Financial Statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Association and of the surplus or deficit of the Association for that year. In preparing those Financial Statements, the Management Committee is required to:-

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Financial Statements;
- Prepare the Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Association will continue in business;
- Prepare a statement on Internal Financial Control.

The Management Committee is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Association and to enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements - 2019. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Association and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. It is also responsible for ensuring the Association's suppliers are paid promptly.

The Management Committee must in determining how amounts are presented within items in the income and expenditure account and balance sheet, have regard to the substance of the reported transaction or arrangement, in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices.

In so far as the Management Committee are aware:

- There is no relevant audit information (information needed by the Housing Association's auditors in connection with preparing their report) of which the Association's auditor is unaware, and
- The Management Committee have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Housing Association's auditor is aware of that information.

#### **Statement on Internal Financial Control**

The Management Committee acknowledges its ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Association has in place a system of controls that is appropriate for the business environment in which it operates. These controls are designed to give reasonable assurance with respect to:

- The reliability of financial information used within the Association, or for publication;
- The maintenance of proper accounting records; and
- The safeguarding of assets against unauthorised use or disposition.

It is the Management Committee's responsibility to establish and maintain systems of Internal Financial Control. Such systems can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material financial misstatement or loss. Key elements of the Association's systems include ensuring that:

- Formal policies and procedures are in place, including the ongoing documentation of key systems and rules
  relating to the delegation of authority, which allow the monitoring of controls and restrict the unauthorised
  use of Association's assets;
- Experienced and suitably qualified staff take responsibility for important business functions and annual appraisal procedures have been established to maintain standards of performance;
- Forecasts and budgets are prepared which allow the management team and the Management Committee
  to monitor key business risks, financial objectives and the progress being made towards achieving the
  financial plans set for the year and for the medium term;
- Quarterly financial management reports are prepared promptly, providing relevant, reliable and up to date financial and other information, with significant variances from budget being investigated as appropriate;
- Regulatory returns are prepared, authorised and submitted promptly to the relevant regulatory bodies;
- All significant new initiatives, major commitments and investment projects are subject to formal authorisation procedures, through the Management Committee;
- The Management Committee receive reports from management and from the external and internal auditors to provide reasonable assurance that control procedures are in place and are being followed and that a general review of the major risks facing the Association is undertaken; and
- Formal procedures have been established for instituting appropriate action to correct any weaknesses identified through internal or external audit reports.

The Management Committee has reviewed the effectiveness of the system of internal financial control in existence in the Association for the year ended 31 March 2020. No weaknesses were found in the internal financial controls which resulted in material losses, contingencies or uncertainties which require disclosure in the financial statements or in the auditor's report on the financial statements.

#### **Auditors**

A resolution to re-appoint the auditor, French Duncan LLP, Chartered Accountants, will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting

By order of Management Committee

Irene McInnes, Secretary 4 August 2020

In addition to our audit of the Financial Statements, we have reviewed your statement on pages 5 and 6 concerning the Association's compliance with the information required by the Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained in the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advice Notes which are issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

#### **Basis of Opinion**

We carried out our review having regard to the requirements relating to corporate governance matters within Bulletin 2006/5 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. The Bulletin does not require us to review the effectiveness of the Association's procedures for ensuring compliance with the guidance notes, nor to investigate the appropriateness of the reasons given for non-compliance.

#### Opinion

In our opinion the Statement on Internal Financial Control on pages 5 and 6 has provided the disclosures required by the relevant Regulatory Standards with the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advice Notes by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls and is consistent with the information which came to our attention as a result of our audit work on the Financial Statements.

Through enquiry of certain members of The Management Committee and Officers of the Association, and examination of relevant documents, we have satisfied ourselves that The Management Committee's Statement on Internal Financial Control appropriately reflects the Association's compliance with the information required by the relevant Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advice Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls.

French Duncan LLP

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors

**GLASGOW** 

August 2020

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the financial statements of Reidvale Housing Association for the year ended 31 March 2020 which comprise a statement of comprehensive income, statement of financial position, statement of cash flows, statement of changes in reserves and related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 102 - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Association's affairs as at 31 March 2020 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice: and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, Part 6 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs UK) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the housing association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **CONCLUSIONS RELATING TO GOING CONCERN**

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the committee members' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the committee members have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material
  uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the association's ability to continue to adopt the going
  concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial
  statements are authorised for issue.

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The other information comprises the information contained in the Management Committees' report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Management Committee are responsible for the other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires us to report to you, if in our opinion:

- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained; or,
- the Association has not kept proper accounting records; or,
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the books of account of the Association; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### **RESPONSIBILITIES OF COMMITTEE MEMBERS**

As explained more fully in the management committee's responsibilities statement set out on page 4, the committee members are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the management committee are responsible for assessing the housing association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the committee members either intend to liquidate the housing association or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### **AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

We have been appointed as auditor under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and report in accordance with the Acts and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
  sufficient and appropriate to provide the basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
  misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
  collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
  of the housing association's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the committee members.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the committee members' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Association's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the housing association to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### **USE OF OUR REPORT**

This report is made solely to the Association's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 87 of the Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Association's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Association and the Association's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### **French Duncan LLP**

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors 133 Finnieston Street GLASGOW G3 8HB

August 2020

# REIDVALE HOUSING ASSOCIATION STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

			2020	2019
	Notes		£	£
REVENUE	2		3,876,837	3,736,839
Operating costs	2		(3,780,493)	(3,444,566)
OPERATING SURPLUS	2, 9		96,344	292,273
Gain on sale of housing stock	7	-		12,146
Gain on sale of commercial property	7	147,500		
Interest receivable and other similar income	9	8,165		7,580
Interest payable and other similar charges	8	(19,000)		(19,000)
Other Finance Charges	11	(347)		<del>-</del> _
			136,318	726
SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR			232,662	292,999
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
Actuarial gain/(loss) recognised in the				
retirement benefit scheme Initial recognition of multi-employer	22		566,614	(216,000)
defined benefit scheme	22		-	(22,644)
				( )- /
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		•	799,276	54,355

The results for the year relate wholly to continuing activities.

The notes on page 15 to 37 form part of these financial statements.

### REIDVALE HOUSING ASSOCIATION STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

		Notes		2020 £		2019 £
NON-CURREN	IT ASSETS					
Housing prop	erties - depreciated cost	12(a)		19,522,127		20,249,401
Other tangibl	e fixed assets	12(b)	_	210,458	_	274,488
				19,732,585		20,523,889
CURRENT ASS	SETS					
		12	270 74 4		400.045	
Debtors	المحمد المنا	13	378,714		408,815	
Cash at bank a	and in hand	-	2,313,088		1,876,023	
			2,691,802		2,284,838	
<b>CREDITORS:</b>	amounts falling due within					
	one year	14	(451,640)		(624,650)	
NET CURRENT	ASSETS		_	2,240,162	<u>-</u>	1,660,188
TOTAL ASSETS	LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			21,972,747		22,184,077
PROVISIONS I	FOR LIABILITIES					
	retirement benefit scheme					
	deficit	22		(266,000)		(896,000)
	Liability for past service			(===,===,		(300,000)
	contribution arrangements	22		(22,632)		-
DEFERRED INC	COME					
Social Housin		17		(17,467,365)		(17,870,617)
•			<u>-</u> _	4,216,750	_	3,417,460
EQUITY			=			
Share capital		18		1,525		1,511
Revenue rese	erve	18		4,215,225		3,415,949
3101101101000	· -		_	4,216,750	_	3,417,460
			=	, -, -,	=	-, , 55

The financial statements were approved by the Management Committee, authorised for issue, and signed on its behalf on 4 August 2020

Edward Marley	Davina Boyle	Irene McInnes
Vice Chairperson	Committee Member	Secretary

The notes on page 15 to 37 form part of these financial statements.

### REIDVALE HOUSING ASSOCIATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

			2020		2019
	Notes		£		£
NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING					
ACTIVITIES	15	_	565,007	_	384,633
INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition and construction of housing					
properties		(283,651)		(236,635)	
Purchase of other fixed assets		-		(27,508)	
Proceeds of disposals of other fixed assets		147,500		, , ,	
Proceeds of disposals of housing properties	;			23,700	
NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM INVESTING					
ACTIVITIES		_	(136,151)	_	(240,443)
NET CASH INFLOW BEFORE FINANCING			420 OF C		144 100
NET CASH INFLOW BEFORE FINANCING			428,856		144,190
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Issue of ordinary share capital		44		48	
Interest received		8,165		7,580	
NET CASH INFLOW FROM FINANCING		_	8,209	_	7,628
INCREASE IN CASH			437,065		151,818
			,		- ,
OPENING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			1,876,023		1,724,205
		_		_	
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		=	2,313,088	=	1,876,023

	Share Capital <u>£</u>	Revenue Reserve <u>£</u>	Total <u>£</u>
Balance as at 1 April 2019	1,511	3,415,949	3,417,460
Issue of Shares	44	-	44
Cancelled shares	(30)	-	(30)
Surplus for Year	-	232,662	232,662
Other comprehensive income		566,614	566,614
Balance as at 31 March 2020	1,525	4,215,225	4,216,750
	Share Capital <u>£</u>	Revenue Reserve <u>£</u>	Total <u>£</u>
Balance as at 1 April 2018	Capital	Reserve	
Balance as at 1 April 2018  Issue of Shares	Capital <u>£</u>	Reserve <u>£</u>	£
	Capital           £           1,501	Reserve <u>£</u>	<b>£</b> 3,363,095
Issue of Shares	<b>Capital £</b> 1,501  48	Reserve <u>£</u>	3,363,095 48
Issue of Shares Cancelled shares	<b>Capital £</b> 1,501  48	Reserve <u>£</u> 3,361,594 -	3,363,095 48 (38)

#### 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Legal status

The Association is incorporated under the Co-operative and Community Benefits Societies Act 2014 and is registered by the Financial Conduct Authority. The Association is a Public Benefit Entity in terms of its compliance with Financial Reporting Standard 102.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Statement of Recommended Practice for Social Housing Providers 2018 and comply with the requirements of the Determination of Housing Requirements 2019 as issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Association's accounting policies (see below).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### **Going Concern**

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis after consideration of the future prospects of the Association, its long term financial forecasts and the certainty of cash flow from rental of social housing stock. The Association has taken into account the Covid 19 pandemic in its consideration and is satisfied that the Association has adequate resources to manage the impact of the pandemic on an ongoing basis.

#### Revenue

The Association recognises rent receivable net of losses from voids. Service Charge Income (net of voids) is recognised as expenditure is incurred as this is considered to be the point when the service has been performed and the revenue recognition criteria is met.

Government Grants are released to income over the expected useful life of the asset to which it relates.

#### **Retirement Benefits**

The Association participates in the Scottish Housing Association Defined Benefits Pension Scheme and retirement benefits to employees of the Association are funded by the contributions from all participating employers and employees in the Scheme. Payments are made in accordance with periodic calculations by consulting Actuaries and are based on pension costs applicable across the various participating Associations taken as a whole.

The Association accounts for the pension scheme on a defined benefit basis based on its share of scheme assets and liabilities as determined by the actuary. Defined benefit costs are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income within operating costs. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income. Further details are disclosed in the notes to the accounts.

#### 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Valuation of Housing Properties**

Housing Properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Housing under construction and Land are not depreciated. The Association depreciates housing properties by major component on a straight line basis over the estimated useful economic lives of each identified component. All components are categorised as Housing Properties within note 12. Impairment reviews are carried out if events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the components listed below is higher than the recoverable amount.

Component	Oserui Economic Life
Kitchens	15 years
Central Heating	15 years

Windows 30 years Structure 50 years

#### **Depreciation and Impairment of Other Non-Current Assets**

Non-Current Assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is charged on a straight line basis over the expected economic useful lives of the assets at the following annual rates:-

Office Premises 15 years Straight Line
Commercial premises 15 years Straight Line
Fixtures and Fittings 15 years Reducing Balance
Office Equipment 5 years Straight Line

The carrying value of non-current assets is reviewed for impairment at the end of each reporting year. Other fixed assets with a cost of £10,000 or more are capitalised and depreciated in accordance with the policy noted above.

#### Social Housing Grant and Other Grants in Advance/Arrears

Social Housing Grants and Other Capital Grants are accounted for using the Accrual Method as outlined in Section 24 of Financial Reporting Standard 102. Grants are treated as deferred income and recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the property and assets to which it relates.

Social Housing Grant attributed to individual components is written off to the Income and Expenditure Account when these components are replaced.

Social Housing Grant received in respect of revenue expenditure is credited to the Income and Expenditure Account in the same year as the expenditure to which it relates.

Although Social Housing Grant is treated as a grant for accounting purposes, it may nevertheless become repayable in certain circumstances, such as the disposal of certain assets. The amount repayable would be restricted to the net proceeds of sale.

#### **Sales of Housing Properties**

First tranche Shared Ownership disposals are credited to turnover on completion. The cost of construction of these sales is taken to operating cost. In accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice, disposals of subsequent tranches are treated as non-current asset disposals with the gain or loss on disposal shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Disposals of housing property under the Right to Buy scheme are treated as a non-current asset disposals and any gain and loss on disposal accounted for in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### **Estimation Uncertainty**

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain accounting estimates. It also requires the Management Committee to exercise judgement in applying the Association's Accounting Policies. The areas requiring a higher degree of judgement, or complexity, and areas where assumptions or estimates are most significant to the financial statements, is disclosed below:

#### **Rent Arrears - Bad Debt Provision**

The Association assesses the recoverability of rent arrears through a detailed assessment process which considers: tenant payment history, arrangements in place, and court action.

#### **Life Cycle of Components**

The Association estimates the useful lives of major components of its housing property with reference to surveys carried out by external qualified surveyors.

#### **Useful Lives of Other Fixed Assets**

The useful lives of other fixed Assets are based on the knowledge of senior management at the Association with reference to expected asset life cycles.

#### **Pension Liabilities**

This has relied on the actuarial assumptions of qualified actuaries which have been reviewed and are considered reasonable and appropriate. Assumptions in respect of discount rates and inflation will vary from year to year, as will the value of assets and will be dependent on circumstances at the date of valuation. Since the year end there has been volatility in market assumptions given the Covid 19 pandemic and , in particular, discount rates have fallen which would increase scheme liabilities. However stock market performance has improved which would help to offset any increase in liabilities.

#### **Costs of Shared Ownership**

The Association allocates costs to shared ownership properties on a percentage basis split across the number of properties the Association owns.

#### **Leases/Leased Assets**

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight line basis over the lease term. Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the Statement of Financial Position and are depreciated over their useful lives.

#### **Works to Existing Properties**

The Association capitalises major repairs expenditure where these works result in an enhancement of economic benefits by increasing the net rental stream over the life of the property.

#### **Development Interest**

Interest incurred on financing a development is capitalised up to the date of practical completion of the scheme.

#### 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Key Judgements made in the application of Accounting Policies

#### a) The Categorisation of Housing Properties

In the judgement of the Management Committee the entirety of the Association's housing stock is held for social benefit and is therefore classified as Property, Plant and Equipment in accordance with FRS 102.

#### b) Identification of cash generating units

The Association considers its cash-generating units to be the scheme in which it manages its housing property for asset management purposes.

#### c) Pension liability

In May 2020 the Association received details from the Pension Trust of its share of assets, liabilities and scheme deficit. The Association has used this information as the basis of the pension defined benefit liability as disclosed in these accounts. The Board consider this is the best estimate of their scheme liability.

#### d) Financial Instruments - Basic

The Association only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like rents, accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and related parties.

These are recognised in accordance with Section 11 of Financial Reporting Standard 102.

The Association's debt instruments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

### 2. PARTICULARS OF REVENUE, COST OF SALES, OPERATING COSTS AND OPERATING SURPLUS

	Note	2020 Revenue £	Operating Costs £	Operating surplus/ (deficit)	2019 Revenue £	Operating Costs £	Operating surplus/ (deficit)
Social letting activities	3	3,797,951	(3,735,325)	62,626	3,643,674	(3,375,611)	268,063
Other activities Total	4	78,886 3,876,837	(45,168) (3,780,493)	33,718 96,344	93,165 3,736,839	(68,955) (3,444,566)	24,210 292,273

### 3. PARTICULARS OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FROM SOCIAL LETTINGS

		Supported Social		
	<b>General Needs</b>	Housing		
	Housing	Accommodation	2020 Total	<b>2019 Total</b>
	£	£	£	£
Revenue from lettings				
Rent receivable net of				
identifiable service charges	2,866,513	138,450	3,004,963	2,907,551
Service charges receivable	9,276	75,920	85,196	83,522
Gross rents receivable	2,875,789	214,370	3,090,159	2,991,073
Less rent losses from voids	(10,379)	(719)	(11,098)	(12,317)
Net rents receivable	2,865,410	213,651	3,079,061	2,978,756
Amortisation of Social Housing				
& Other Grants	633,587	30,001	663,588	616,918
Revenue grants from local authorities and other agencies	53,169	2,133	55,302	48,000
authornies and other agencies				
Total income from social letting	3,552,167	245,784	3,797,951	3,643,674
Expenditure on social letting activities				
Management and maintenance				
administration costs	1,413,857	121,106	1,534,963	1,395,720
Service costs	2,966	88,002	90,968	89,574
Planned and cyclical				
maintenance including major				
repairs	600,863	4,811	605,674	527,691
Reactive maintenance	554,184	20,239	574,423	481,532
Bad debts - rents and service				
charges	27,061	176	27,237	17,037
Depreciation of social housing	859,677	42,384	902,061	864,057
Operating costs of social letting	3,458,608	276,717	3,735,325	3,375,611
Operating surplus / (deficit) on				
social letting activities	93,559	(30,933)	62,626	268,063
2019	245,478	22,585	268,063	

#### 4. PARTICULARS OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FROM OTHER ACTIVITIES

	Grants from Scottish Ministers £	Other revenue grants	Supporting people income	Other income	Total Turnover £	Operating costs bad debts	Operating costs other	Operating surplus/ (deficit) 2020	Operating surplus/ (deficit) 2019
Wider Role Activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Factoring Agency/ management	-	-	-	26,243	26,243	-	(11,570)	14,673	16,097
services for registered									
social landlords	-	-	-	18,500	18,500	-	(18,175)	325	(10,528)
Commercial rent	-	-	-	34,144	34,144	-	(15,423)	18,721	18,641
Rechargeable Repairs	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
TOTAL FROM OTHER									
ACTIVITIES TOTAL FROM OTHER			-	78,886	78,886		(45,168)	33,718	24,210
ACTIVITIES FOR 2019				93,165	93,165	_	(68,955)	24,210	

### 5. BOARD MEMBERS AND OFFICERS EMOLUMENTS

The officers are defined in the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 as the members of the Management Committee, managers and employees of the Association.

	2020 £	2019 £
Aggregate emoluments payable to officers with emoluments greater than $\pm 60,000$ (excluding pension contributions)	72,634	139,303
Pension contributions payable to officers with emoluments greater than £60,000	9,045	14,182
Emoluments payable to the director (excluding pension contributions)	72,634	68,972
Pension contributions paid on behalf of the director	9,045	8,522
	Number	Number
Total number of officers, including the highest paid officer, who received emoluments (excluding pension contributions) over £60,000 was in the following ranges:		
£60,001 - £70,000 £70,001 - £80,000	1	2

There were no payments to board members during the year for reimbursement of expenses (2019 - £nil).

### 6. EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

£ f         £         £           Staff costs during the year:         762,787         763,759           Wages and salaries         81,973         83,366           Other pension costs         82,755         87,104           Number of pull time equivalent persons employed during the year was         16         16           7. GAIN ON SALE           Gain on sale of housing stock:           2020         2019           £         £           Sales proceeds         -         23,700           Cost of sales         -         12,146           Gain on sale of commercial property:           2020         2019           £         £           Sales proceeds         147,500         -           Cost of sales         -         -         -           Cost of sales         -         -         -           Gain on sale         147,500         -         -           Gain on sale         147,500         -         -           Sales proceeds         147,500         -         -           Cost of sales         -         -         -         -           Gai		2020	2019
Wages and salaries         762,787         763,759           Social security costs         81,973         83,366           Other pension costs         82,755         87,104           Number           Number         Number         Number           Number           The average number of full time equivalent persons employed during the year was         16         16           7. GAIN ON SALE           Gain on sale of housing stock:         2020         2019           £         £         £           Sales proceeds         -         23,700           Cost of sales         -         (11,554)           Gain on sale of commercial property:         2020         2019           £         £         £           Sales proceeds         147,500         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Gain on sale         147,500         -           Roll of the property:         -         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Cost of sales         -         -		£	£
Social security costs         81,973         83,366           Other pension costs         82,755         87,104           The average number of full time equivalent persons employed during the year was         16         16           7. GAIN ON SALE         Gain on sale of housing stock:           2020         2019         £         £           Sales proceeds         -         23,700           Cost of sales         -         (11,554)           Gain on sale of commercial property:         2020         2019           £         £         £           Sales proceeds         147,500         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Gain on sale         147,500         -           Gain on sale         147,500         -           Sales proceeds         147,500         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Sales proceeds         147,500         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Gain on sale         <	Staff costs during the year:		
Other pension costs         82,755         87,104           927,515         934,229           Number         Number           The average number of full time equivalent persons employed during the year was         16         16           7. GAIN ON SALE         2020         2019           Gain on sale of housing stock:         2020         2019           f         f         f         f           Sales proceeds         -         (11,554)           Gain on sale         -         12,146           Gain on sale of commercial property:         2020         2019           f         f         f           Sales proceeds         147,500         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Gain on sale         147,500         -           Gain on sale         147,500         -           Sales proceeds         147,500         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Sales proceeds         147,500         -           Capped to the proceeds         -         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Balance <th< td=""><td>Wages and salaries</td><td>762,787</td><td>763,759</td></th<>	Wages and salaries	762,787	763,759
Number   Number	Social security costs	81,973	83,366
Number         Number           The average number of full time equivalent persons employed during the year was         16         16           7. GAIN ON SALE         Gain on sale of housing stock:           2020         2019         £         £         £           Sales proceeds         -         23,700         Cost of sales         -         (11,554)           Gain on sale         -         12,146         12,146         12,146         147,500         -         147,500         - <td< td=""><td>Other pension costs</td><td>82,755</td><td>87,104</td></td<>	Other pension costs	82,755	87,104
The average number of full time equivalent persons employed during the year was         16         16           7. GAIN ON SALE           Gain on sale of housing stock:           2020         2019         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         11,554)         Cost of sales         .         .         12,146         . <t< td=""><td></td><td>927,515</td><td>934,229</td></t<>		927,515	934,229
The average number of full time equivalent persons employed during the year was         16         16           7. GAIN ON SALE           Gain on sale of housing stock:           2020         2019         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         11,554)         Cost of sales         .         .         12,146         . <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>			
during the year was       16       16       16       16       16       16       16       2019       £ </td <td>The guarage number of full time a guivalent nersons ampleyed</td> <td>Number</td> <td>Number</td>	The guarage number of full time a guivalent nersons ampleyed	Number	Number
7. GAIN ON SALE Gain on sale of housing stock:  2020 2019 £ £ £ Sales proceeds - 23,700 Cost of sales - (11,554)  Gain on sale - 12,146  Gain on sale of commercial property:  2020 2019 £ £ £ Sales proceeds 147,500 - Cost of sales Gain on sale  Gain on sale  Sales proceeds 147,500 - Cost of sales  Gain on sale 147,500  B. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES  Pefined benefit pension charge 19,000 19,000		16	16
Gain on sale of housing stock:           2020         2019           £         £           £         £           £         (11,554)           Gain on sale	during the year was	16	
Gain on sale of housing stock:           2020         2019           £         £           £         £           £         (11,554)           Gain on sale			
Sales proceeds         -         23,700           Cost of sales         -         23,700           Cost of sales         -         (11,554)           Gain on sale         -         12,146           Gain on sale of commercial property:           2020         2019           £         £           Sales proceeds         147,500         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Gain on sale         147,500         -           Sales proceeds         147,500         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Sales proceeds         147,500         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Gain on sale         147,500         -           Sales proceeds         147,500         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Gain on sale         147,500         -			
Sales proceeds         -         23,700           Cost of sales         -         (11,554)           Gain on sale         -         12,146           Gain on sale of commercial property:           2020         2019           £         £           Sales proceeds         147,500         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Gain on sale         147,500         -           Sales proceeds         147,500         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Gain on sale         147,500         -           Be in the test payable and similar charges         -         2020         2019           £         £         £         £           Defined benefit pension charge         19,000         19,000	Gain on sale of housing stock:		
Sales proceeds         -         23,700           Cost of sales         -         (11,554)           Gain on sale         -         12,146           Gain on sale of commercial property:           2020         2019           £         £         £           Sales proceeds         147,500         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Gain on sale         147,500         -           Sales proceeds         147,500         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Gain on sale         147,500         -           Sales proceeds         147,500         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Gain on sale         147,500         -           Sales proceeds         2020         2019           Example proceeds         2020         2019           E			
Cost of sales         -         (11,554)           Gain on sale         -         12,146           Gain on sale of commercial property:           2020         2019           £         £           Sales proceeds         147,500         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Gain on sale         147,500         -           Sales proceeds         147,500         -           Gain on sale         147,500         -           Sales proceeds         2020         2019           Gain on sale         19,000         19,000	Calaa maaaaada	£	
Gain on sale         -         12,146           Gain on sale of commercial property:         2020         2019           £         £         £           Sales proceeds         147,500         -           Cost of sales         -         -           Gain on sale         147,500         -           8. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES         2020         2019           £         £         £           Defined benefit pension charge         19,000         19,000		-	
Gain on sale of commercial property:         2020       2019         £       £       £         \$ Sales proceeds       147,500       -         Cost of sales       -       -         Gain on sale       147,500       -         8. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES       2020       2019         £       £         Defined benefit pension charge       19,000       19,000	Cost of sales	<del>-</del>	(11,554)
Sales proceeds       147,500       -         Cost of sales       -       -         Gain on sale       147,500       -         8. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES       2020       2019         £       £       £         Defined benefit pension charge       19,000       19,000	Gain on sale		12,146
Sales proceeds       147,500       -         Cost of sales       -       -         Gain on sale       147,500       -         8. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES       2020       2019         £       £       £         Defined benefit pension charge       19,000       19,000			
Sales proceeds       147,500       -         Cost of sales       -       -         Gain on sale       147,500       -         8. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES       2020       2019         £       £       £         Defined benefit pension charge       19,000       19,000	Gain on sale of commercial property:		
Sales proceeds       147,500       -         Cost of sales       -       -         Gain on sale       147,500       -         8. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES       2020       2019         £       £       £         Defined benefit pension charge       19,000       19,000		2020	2019
Cost of sales         -         -           Gain on sale         147,500         -           8. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES         2020         2019           £         £         £           Defined benefit pension charge         19,000         19,000		<del>-</del>	£
Gain on sale         147,500         -           8. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES         2020         2019           £         £         £           Defined benefit pension charge         19,000         19,000		147,500	-
8. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES  2020 2019  £ £  Defined benefit pension charge 19,000 19,000	Cost of sales	-	-
2020         2019           £         £           Defined benefit pension charge         19,000         19,000	Gain on sale	147,500	
2020         2019           £         £           Defined benefit pension charge         19,000         19,000			
ffDefined benefit pension charge19,00019,000	8. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
Defined benefit pension charge 19,000 19,000		2020	2019
		£	£
<u>19,000</u> <u>19,000</u>	Defined benefit pension charge	19,000	19,000
		19,000	19,000

### 9. OPERATING SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR

	2020 £	2019 £
Surplus is stated after charging:		
Depreciation of tangible owned fixed assets	966,091	931,127
Auditors' remuneration - audit services	10,140	9,225
- other services		500
Gain on sale of fixed assets	147,500	12,146
Amortisation of capital grants	663,588	616,918

### 10. TAX ON SURPLUS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

The Association is a Registered Scottish Charity and is exempt from Corporation Tax on its charitable activities.

### 11. OTHER FINANCE INCOME/CHARGES

	2020	2019
	£	£
Unwinding of discounted liabilities	347	

### 12. NON-CURRENT ASSETS

a) Housing Properties	Housing	Housing	
	Properties	<b>Properties in</b>	
	Held for	the Course of	
	Letting	Construction	Total
	£	£	£
COST			
At start of year	35,089,462	_	35,089,462
Additions	253,542	30,109	283,651
Disposals	(192,000)	-	(192,000)
Transfers to stock	-	-	-
At end of year	35,151,004	30,109	35,181,113
DEPRECIATION			
At start of year	14,840,061	-	14,840,061
Charged during year	902,061		902,061
Eliminated on disposal	(83,136)		(83,136)
At end of year	15,658,986		15,658,986
NET BOOK VALUE			
At end of year	19,492,018	30,109	19,522,127
At start of year	20,249,401	-	20,249,401
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Additions to housing properties includes capitalised development administration costs of £Nil (2019 - £Nil) and capitalised major repair costs to existing properties of £253,542 (2019 - £236,635).

The Association is currently in the process of converting a store into letting accommodation.

All land and housing properties are heritable.

b) Other tangible assets	Office Premises £	Land £	Commercial Premises £	Furniture & Fittings £	Total £
COST					
At start of year	1,147,927	5,288	175,076	350,521	1,678,812
Additions	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals			(29,180)		(29,180)
At end of year	1,147,927	5,288	145,896	350,521	1,649,632
DEPRECIATION					
At start of year	936,110	-	175,076	293,138	1,404,324
Charged during year	49,859	-	-	14,171	64,030
Disposals			(29,180)		(29,180)
At end of year	985,969		145,896	307,309	1,439,174
NET BOOK VALUE					
At end of year	161,958	5,288		43,212	210,458
At start of year	211,817	5,288	-	57,383	274,488
13. DEBTORS					
				2020	2019
				£	£
Arrears of Rent & Service Charges				286,318	277,521
Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts				(69,118)	(66,131)
				217,200	211,390
Other Debtors				81,240	88,717
Prepayments and accrued income				80,274	108,708
				378,714	408,815

### 14. CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2020 £	2019 £
Housing Loans	-	-
Trade Payables	133,545	155,959
Rent in Advance	22,514	20,200
Other Payables	-	382,996
Accruals and Deferred Income	295,581	65,495
	451,640	624,650

### 15. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Reconciliation of operating surplus to balance as at 31 March 2020	2020	2019
	£	£
Operating Surplus	96,344	292,273
Depreciation	966,091	931,127
Amortisation of Capital Grants	(663,588)	(616,918)
Change in debtors	30,101	(75,152)
Change in creditors	196,190	(2,659)
Movement in Pension Liability	(60,101)	(144,000)
Cancelled Shares	(30)	(38)
Balance as at 31 March 2020	565,007	384,633

### 16. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN CASH FLOWS

	As at 1 April 2019	Cash- flows	As at 31 March 2020
	£	£	£
Current accounts	873,507	186,476	1,059,982
Deposit accounts	1,002,516	250,589	1,253,106
TOTAL	1,876,023	437,065	2,313,088

#### 17. DEFERRED INCOME

	2020	2019
	£	£
Social Housing Grants		
Balance as at 1 April 2019	17,870,617	18,352,070
HAG creditor released	-	168,063
HAG creditor transferred	369,200	-
Released as the result of property disposal	(108,864)	(32,598)
Amortisation in Year	(663,588)	(616,918)
Balance as at 31 March 2020	17,467,365	17,870,617
This is expected to be released to the Statement of Comprehens	sive Income as follow:	
Amounts due within one year	663,588	616,918
Amounts due in one year or more	16,803,777	17,253,699
·	17,467,365	17,870,617

In the year £369,200 was transferred from liabilities in respect of Social Housing Grant that is not repayable.

#### 18. RESERVES

Share Capital	2020	2019
	£	£
Shares of £1 each Issued and Fully Paid		
At 1 April 2019	1,511	1,501
Issued in year	44	48
Cancelled in year	(30)	(38)
At 31 March 2020	1,525	1,511

Each member of the Association holds one share of £1 in the Association. These shares carry no rights to dividends or distributions on a winding up. When a shareholder ceases to be a member, that person's share is cancelled and the amount paid thereon becomes the property of the Association. Each member has a right to vote at members' meetings.

Active Members at the end of the year were 543 shareholders (2019 - 557 shareholders)

Reserves	2020	2019
	£	£
At 1 April 2019	3,415,949	3,361,594
Surplus for year	232,662	292,999
Other comprehensive income	566,614	(238,644)
At 31 March 2020	4,215,225	3,415,949

#### 19. HOUSING STOCK

The number of units of accommodation in management	2020	2019
at the year end was:-	No.	No.
General Needs - New Build	128	128
General Needs – Rehabilitation	725	725
Shared Ownership	-	-
Supported Housing	44	44
	897	897

#### 20. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Members of the Management Committee are related parties of the Association as defined by Financial Reporting Standard 102. The related party relationships of the members of the Management Committee are summarised as:

- 11 Members are or were tenants of the Association
- 3 Members are or were factored owners
- Management Committee members cannot use their position to their advantage. Any transactions between
  the Association and any entity with which a Management Committee member has a connection with is
  made at arm's length and is under normal commercial terms.

Transactions with Management Committee members were or are as follows:

- Rent Received from Tenants on the Committee £30,228
- Factoring income received from Owner Occupiers in the Committee £2,208
- At the year-end total rent arrears owed by the tenant members of the Committee were £92
- At the year-end total rent arrears owed by Owner Occupiers of the Committee were £46

#### 21. DETAILS OF ASSOCIATION

The Association is a Registered Society registered within the Financial Conduct Authority and is domiciled in Scotland.

The Association's principal place of business is 13 Whitevale Street, Glasgow, G31 1QW.

The Association is a Registered Social Landlord and Scottish Charity that owns and manages social housing in Glasgow.

#### 22. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

#### SCHEME: TPT Retirement Solutions – Scottish Housing Associations' Pension Scheme

The Association participates in the Scottish Housing Associations' Pension Scheme (the Scheme), a multi-employer scheme which provides benefits to some 150 non-associated employers. The Scheme is a defined benefit scheme in the UK.

The Scheme is subject to the funding legislation outlined in the Pensions Act 2004 which came into force on 30 December 2005. This, together with documents issued by the Pensions Regulator and Technical Actuarial Standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, set out the framework for funding defined benefit occupational pension schemes in the UK.

The last triennial valuation of the scheme for funding purposes was carried out as at 30 September 2018. This valuation revealed a deficit of £121m. A Recovery Plan has been put in place to eliminate the deficit which will run to either 30 September 2022 or 31 March 2023 (depending on funding levels) for the majority of employers, although certain employers have different arrangements.

The Scheme is classified as a 'last-man standing arrangement'. Therefore the Association is potentially liable for other participating employers' obligations if those employers are unable to meet their share of the scheme deficit following withdrawal from the Scheme. Participating employers are legally required to meet their share of the Scheme deficit on an annuity purchase basis on withdrawal from the Scheme.

For financial years ending on or before 28 February 2019, it was not possible for the Association to obtain sufficient information to enable it to account for the Scheme as a defined benefit scheme, therefore the Association has accounted for the Scheme as a defined contribution scheme.

For financial years ending on or after 31 March 2019, it is possible to obtain sufficient information to enable the Association to account for the Scheme as a defined benefit scheme.

For accounting purposes, a valuation of the scheme was carried out with an effective date of 30 September 2018. The liability figures from this valuation were rolled forward for accounting year-ends from 31 March 2019 to 29 February 2020 inclusive. The liabilities are compared, at the relevant accounting date, with the Association's fair share of the Scheme's total assets to calculate the Association's net deficit or surplus.

Similarly, an actuarial valuation of the scheme was carried out as at 30 September 2019 to inform the liabilities for accounting year ends from 31 March 2020 to 28 February 2021 inclusive.

#### 22. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

### PRESENT VALUES OF DEFINED BENEFIT OBLIGATION, FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS AND DEFINED BENEFIT ASSET (LIABILITY)

	31 March	31 March
	2020	2019
	(£000s)	(£000s)
Fair value of plan assets	6,755	6,603
Present value of defined benefit obligation	7,021	7,499
Surplus (deficit) in plan	(266)	(896)
Unrecognised surplus	-	-
Defined benefit asset (liability) to be recognised	(266)	(896)

#### RECONCILIATION OF OPENING AND CLOSING BALANCES OF THE DEFINED BENEFIT OBLIGATION

	Period	Period
	ended 31	ended 31
	March 2020	March 2019
	(£000s)	(£000s)
Defined benefit obligation at start of period	7,499	7,330
Current service cost	171	154
Expenses	5	6
Interest expense	171	182
Contributions by plan participants	75	94
Actuarial losses (gains) due to scheme experience	-	(128)
Actuarial losses (gains) due to changes in demographic assumptions	(45)	20
Actuarial losses (gains) due to changes in financial assumptions	(737)	381
Benefits paid and expenses	(118)	(540)
Defined benefit obligation at end of period	7,021	7,499

### RECONCILIATION OF OPENING AND CLOSING BALANCES OF THE FAIR VALUE OF PLAN ASSETS

	Period	Period
	ended 31	ended 31
	March 2020	March 2019
	(£000s)	(£000s)
Fair value of plan assets at start of period	6,603	6,525
Interest income	152	163
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income) - gain (loss)	(216)	57
Contributions by the employer	259	304
Contributions by plan participants	75	94
Benefits paid and expenses	(118)	(540)
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	6,755	6,603

The actual return on the plan assets (including any changes in share of assets) over the period ended 31 March 2020 was (£64,000).

### 22. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

### DEFINED BENEFIT COSTS RECOGNISED IN STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (SOCI)

	Period from	Period from
	31 March	31 March
	2019 to 31	2019 to 31
	March 2020	March 2019
	(£000s)	(£000s)
Current service cost	171	154
Expenses	5	6
Net interest expense	19	19
Defined benefit costs recognised in statement of comprehensive income (SoCI)	195	179

#### DEFINED BENEFIT COSTS RECOGNISED IN OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Period	Period
	ended 31	ended 31
	March 2020	March 2019
	(£000s)	(£000s)
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest cost) - gain (loss)	(216)	57
Experience gains and losses arising on the plan liabilities - gain (loss)	-	128
Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation - gain (loss)	45	(20)
Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation - gain (loss)	737	(381)
Total actuarial gains and losses (before restriction due to some of the surplus not being recognisable) - gain (loss)	566	(216)
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income - gain (loss)	566	(216)

### 22. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

#### **ASSETS**

	31 March	31 March
	2020	2019
	(£000s)	(£000s)
Global Equity	929	1,062
Absolute Return	415	559
Distressed Opportunities	123	113
Credit Relative Value	163	115
Alternative Risk Premia	541	369
Fund of Hedge Funds	-	18
Emerging Markets Debt	240	212
Risk Sharing	214	191
Insurance-Linked Securities	181	171
Property	126	131
Infrastructure	398	277
Private Debt	134	85
Opportunistic Illiquid Credit	164	-
Corporate Bond Fund	494	463
Liquid Credit	177	-
Long Lease Property	165	80
Secured Income	375	230
Over 15 Year Gilts	86	170
Liability Driven Investment	1,779	2,350
Net Current Assets	51	7
Total assets	6,755	6,603

None of the fair values of the assets shown above include any direct investments in the employer's own financial instruments or any property occupied by, or other assets used by, the employer.

#### **KEY ASSUMPTIONS**

	31 March	31 March
	2020	2019
	% per	% per
	annum	annum
Discount Rate	2.39	2.26
Inflation (RPI)	2.65	3.30
Inflation (CPI)	1.65	2.30
Salary Growth	2.65	3.30
	75% of	75% of
Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at retirement	maximum	maximum
	allowance	allowance

#### 22. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2020 imply the following life expectancies:

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2020 imply the following me expectancies.	
	Life
	expectancy
	at age 65
	(Years)
Male retiring in 2020	21.5
Female retiring in 2020	23.2
Male retiring in 2040	22.8
Female retiring in 2040	24.5

Assumptions in respect of discount rates and inflation will vary from year to year, as will the value of assets and will be dependent on circumstances at the date of valuation. Since the year end there has been volatility in market assumptions given the Covid 19 pandemic and , in particular, discount rates have fallen which would increase scheme liabilities. However stock market performance has improved which would help to offset any increase in liabilities.

#### 22. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

#### SCHEME: TPT Retirement Solutions – The Growth Plan

The Association participates in the scheme, a multi-employer scheme which provides benefits to some 950 non-associated participating employers. The scheme is a defined benefit scheme in the UK. It is not possible for the Association to obtain sufficient information to enable it to account for the scheme as a defined benefit scheme. Therefore it accounts for the scheme as a defined contribution scheme.

The scheme is subject to the funding legislation outlined in the Pensions Act 2004 which came into force on 30 December 2005. This, together with documents issued by the Pensions Regulator and Technical Actuarial Standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, set out the framework for funding defined benefit occupational pension schemes in the UK.

The scheme is classified as a 'last-man standing arrangement'. Therefore the Association is potentially liable for other participating employers' obligations if those employers are unable to meet their share of the scheme deficit following withdrawal from the scheme. Participating employers are legally required to meet their share of the scheme deficit on an annuity purchase basis on withdrawal from the scheme.

A full actuarial valuation for the scheme was carried out at 30 September 2017. This valuation showed assets of £794.9m, liabilities of £926.4m and a deficit of £131.5m. To eliminate this funding shortfall, the Trustee has asked the participating employers to pay additional contributions to the scheme as follows:

#### **Deficit contributions**

Unless a concession has been agreed with the Trustee the term to 31 January 2025 applies.

Note that the scheme's previous valuation was carried out with an effective date of 30 September 2014. This valuation showed assets of £793.4m, liabilities of £969.9m and a deficit of £176.5m. To eliminate this funding shortfall, the Trustee has asked the participating employers to pay additional contributions to the scheme as follows:

#### **Deficit contributions**

From 1 April 2016 to 30 September 2025:	£12,945,440 per annum	(payable monthly and increasing by 3% each on 1st April)
From 1 April 2016 to 30 September 2028:	£54,560 per annum	(payable monthly and increasing by 3% each on 1st April)

The recovery plan contributions are allocated to each participating employer in line with their estimated share of the Series 1 and Series 2 scheme liabilities.

Where the scheme is in deficit and where the company has agreed to a deficit funding arrangement the company recognises a liability for this obligation. The amount recognised is the net present value of the deficit reduction contributions payable under the agreement that relates to the deficit. The present value is calculated using the discount rate detailed in these disclosures. The unwinding of the discount rate is recognised as a finance cost.

### 22. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

#### PRESENT VALUES OF PROVISION

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
	(£s)	(£s)	(£s)
Present value of provision	22,632	27,455	33,356

#### RECONCILIATION OF OPENING AND CLOSING PROVISIONS

	Period Ending 31 March 2020 (£s)	Period Ending 31 March 2019 (£s)
Provision at start of period	27,455	33,356
Unwinding of the discount factor (interest expense)	347	534
Deficit contribution paid	(4,556)	(4,298)
Remeasurements - impact of any change in assumptions	(614)	251
Remeasurements - amendments to the contribution schedule	-	(2,388)
Provision at end of period	22,632	27,455

#### INCOME AND EXPENDITURE IMPACT

	Period Ending 31 March 2020 (£s)	Period Ending 31 March 2019 (£s)
Interest expense	347	534
Remeasurements – impact of any change in assumptions	(614)	251
Remeasurements – amendments to the contribution schedule	-	(2,388)
Contributions paid in respect of future service*	*	*
Costs recognised in income and expenditure account	*	*

<sup>\*</sup>includes defined contribution schemes and future service contributions (i.e. excluding any deficit reduction payments) to defined benefit schemes which are treated as defined contribution schemes. To be completed by the company.

### 22. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (continued)

### **ASSUMPTIONS**

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
	% per annum	% per annum	% per annum
Rate of discount	2.53	1.39	1.71

The discount rates shown above are the equivalent single discount rates which, when used to discount the future recovery plan contributions due, would give the same results as using a full AA corporate bond yield curve to discount the same recovery plan contributions.